2003 Progress Report 1998 Hybrid Poplar Initial Evaluation Planting Field 17, Aberdeen PMC Loren St. John, Team Leader

The purpose of the Hybrid Poplar Initial Evaluation Planting is to evaluate accessions of hybrid poplar currently being grown in Oregon and Washington for adaptability to northern Utah and the Upper Snake River Plain of southeast Idaho. Hybrid poplar used for fiber, fuel and other lumber products is becoming a large agroforestry business in Oregon, Washington, and western Idaho. Presently there is no commercial production of hybrid poplar in southeast Idaho or northern Utah.

Five accessions of hybrid poplar considered as very productive and the most cold tolerant were obtained from Mount Jefferson Farms, Salem, Oregon. These accessions were planted in a complete randomized block design with 'Imperial', 'Siouxland', 'Robust', and 'Canam' as standards of comparison. The cuttings planted were dormant, 9 inches long and approximately 3/4 inch in diameter. The standards of comparison were collected at the PMC after spring growth had initiated.

Weed barrier material was installed in the clean-tilled field prior to planting. The cuttings were then hand planted through the weed barrier on May 28, 1998 so that only one bud was above the soil surface. Planting a cutting with only one bud above the soil surface increases the chance that the cutting will develop a single trunk which is desirable for wood production. Weed control needs were minimal because of the installation of weed barrier material. On June 1, 1999 forty-three plots were re-planted. The replacements were for those plots that did not establish during the first growing season. The evaluation planting is irrigated with a solid-set handline sprinkler system.

Between-row weed control was accomplished with mechanical cultivation between 1998 and 2000. The between-row area was seeded to a mixture of 'Durar' hard fescue and 'Bighorn' sheep fescue (3.5 pounds PLS per acre of each species) in June, 2001. The grass seeding is well established and controlling weeds.

In March, 2003 before buds began to break, the trees were pruned to remove all basal branches to encourage a single dominant trunk that is preferred for saw logs. No more than 50 percent of the branches on a single tree were removed. During the growing season sprouts and side branches below the prune line were removed periodically.

The plots were evaluated on September 19, 2003 and the data is summarized in Table 1. Accession no. 9076418 (OP-367) and 9076421 (52-225) continued to have the best survival. Accession no. 9076418 (OP-367) was the tallest (mean plant height 1069 cm – 421 inches) and also had the largest D.B.H. (mean 18.4 cm – 7.2 inches). This accession appears to be the best adapted to the soil and climate in the Snake River Plains of southeastern Idaho. Accession no. 9076418 (OP-367) and Siouxland had the best vigor ratings from the original planting. No pests were observed on the plants this year.

Of the plots re-planted in 1999, Robust continued to have the best survival and the tallest average height. Robust also had the largest mean D.B.H. (14.2 cm - 5.6 inches).

The planting will be evaluated next year and then will be harvested in 6 to 7 years to evaluate wood production.

Table 1. 2003 Evaluation Data 1998 Hybrid Poplar Initial Evaluation Planting

	Number	Percent	Plant Height (cm)			D.B.H. ^{1/}	
Accession Number	Survived	Survival	Minimum	Mean	Maximum	Mean (cm)	Vigor ^{2/}
9076418 (OP-367)	8	88.9	851	1069	1370	18.4	2.4
9076419 (184-411)	1	11.1			457	3.0	3.0
9076420 (50-197)	1	11.1			753	13.0	6.0
9076421 (52-225)	7	77.7	69	685	912	8.4	6.9
9076422 (15-29)	4	44.4	535	676	821	6.8	4.0
Canam	1	11.1			378	2.0	4.0
Robust	3	33.3	505	634	760	13.0	3.7
Siouxland	5	55.5	695	924	1095	13.4	2.6
Imperial	5	55.5	750	867	1065	14.2	3.2

Re-planted Hybrid Poplar 1999

	Number	Percent	Plant Height (cm)			D.B.H. 1/	
Accession Number	Re-planted	Survival	Minimum	Avg.	Maximum	Mean (cm)	Vigor ^{2/}
9076418 (OP-367)	1	0					9.0
9076419 (184-411)	8	12			535	4.0	3.0
9076420 (50-197)	8	12			943	13.0	3.0
9076421 (52-225)	1	0					9.0
9076422 (15-29)	4	0					9.0
Canam	7	57	304	579	851	6.5	7.0
Robust	6	83	821	973	1126	14.2	3.7
Siouxland	4	75	635	424	1126	11.7	4.5
Imperial	4	25			699	12.0	3.0

 $[\]frac{1}{2}$ D.B.H. is diameter at breast height (1.4 m from ground surface) $\frac{2}{2}$ Rated 1 – 9, with 1 best, 9 worst